

CNC Equipment Co..Ltd

Equipment Liquid Petroleum Gas & Petroleum

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The Most Trusted name in Pumps & Meters

FILL-RITE.

Series 700B AC Powered Pumps



Description of Included Models

Model Number	Description	Shipping Weight
FR700	Heavy Duty AC Utility Pump with manual nozzle and 3/4" X 12' hose.	48 lbs 21.3 kgs
FR701	Heavy Duty AC Utility Pump with manual nozzle, 3/4" X 12' hose and Model 807 C meter installed	52 lbs 23.6 kgs

Safety Listings

Approval Organization Mark	Organization Description	File Number	Guide Number
E Us	Underwriters Laboratories Inc., a nationally recognized independent organization for testing of products to ensure public safety. Recognized and accepted in USA, Canada and other countries.	MH7817	RCRX
CEEX	Indicates compliance with applicable European standards and the motor is rated as explosion proof under those standards.	N/A	N/A
AUSTRALIAN CERTIFICATE Aus EX 3620	Australian Certification Program, Certified under the Australian Certification Program under Aus EX 3620 as Series 700 (230 V, 76 LPM, heavy duty)	N/A	N/A

Available Options

Option	Description	Adjustment to Shipping Weight (lbs.)	Adjustment to Shipping Weight (kgs.)
Α	Upgrade to automatic nozzle from standard manual nozzle.	2.0	0.9
E	Unit supplied with 220 VAC - 50 Hz motor	-	-
G	Unit supplied with 220 VAC - 50/60 Hz motor	-	-
L	Unit equipped with meter registering liters in place of standard gallon meter.	-	-

Accessories

Part Number	Description
4200F9111	Nozzle Spout Hook (for automatic nozzles)
FRH07512	Buna-N hose 3/4" X 12' with static wire, 3/4" ferrules
1210KTF7019	Hydrosorb filter kit - 1200KTG9075 cast Iron 3/4" adaptor with F810HM0 filter
6U075	Manual unleaded nozzle with 3/4" inlet
NO75UAV10	Automatic unleaded nozzle with 3/4" inlet
700F2170	2" O.D. X 1" I.D. tank adapter
700KTF8598	Automatic nozzle retainer kit
712KTF9114	Universal nozzle boot & nozzle retainer, mounting plate to be attached to FR700B or FR701B pump, LESS vapor hose, vapor nozzle, valve & fittings
TH13	Pedestal Kit - Base, pedestal column & coupler for 1" pipe, less suction pipe and union
1200KTF7018	Particulate Filter Kit - 1200KTG9075 cast iron 3/4" adapter with F180PM0 filter
700KTF7024	Hydrosorb Filter Kit - 1200KTG9075 cast iron 3/4" adapter with F180PM0 filter for Model FR700
F180PC1	Clear Bowl, 10 micron prticulate filter w/ drain valve
F1810PM1	Metal canister 10 Micron particulate filter w/ drain valve. Fits 1200KTG9075 filter head

Performance

Maximum outlet pressure20 PSI (1.52 BAR)Maximum flow rate (1)20 GPM (75.7 LPM)Maximum Recommended Viscosity of Pumped
FluidDiesel Fuel

Maximum ambient operating temperature Minimum ambient operating temperature Minimum Dry Vacuum

Minimum Suction Lift[™]

150 °F (66 °C)*
-15 °F (-26 °C)*
12 Inches of mercury

15 Feet for Diesel. For gasoline see

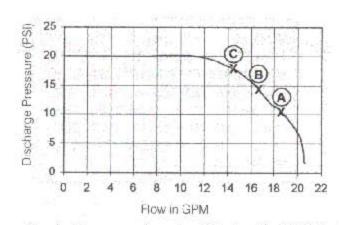
below.***

Flow Curve

A.FR700 with 3/4 "X 12' hose and manual nozzle.

B. FR701 with 3/4" X 12' hose, manual nozzle and 900 meter.

C. FR701 with 12' of 3/4" hose and automatic nozzle.



Nominal flow curve based on 3 feet suction lift. Actual flow rates obtained may vary.

Fluid Compatibility

The 700B Series pumps are compatible with the following fluids:

Diesel, Gasoline, Kerosene, Mineral Spirits, Heptane, and Hexane.

The 700B Series pumps are NOT compatible with the following fluids:

Acetone, Ammonia, Benzene, Bleach, Hydrochloric Acid, Water, Ink, Tolulene, Aviation Gas, Jet Fuel

¹ Nominal flow rate at nominal voltage using a standard hose and manual nozzle with low viscosity fluid.

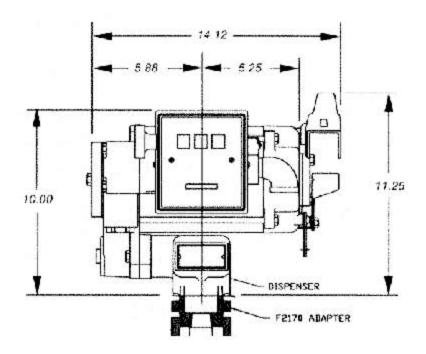
^{*} Consult factory for extreme temperature applications outside this range.

^{**} The lift in feet is equivalent to the vertical distance from the surface of the fluid in the tank to the inlet of the pump, PLUS the friction losses through the vertical and horizontal runs of pipe, all elbows and other fittings. The system should be designed to require a minimum amount of suction lift.

If in doubt about the compatibility of a specific fluid, contact the supplier of the fluid to check for any adverse reaction to the following wetted materials.

Cast Iron	Steel	Stainless Steel
Bronze/Iron	Carbon	Polyester
Spauldite	Fluorocarbon	Buna N
Zinc Plated Steel	Ceramic	Aluminum
PPS (FR701B only)		

Dimensions



Repair

Refer to Owner's Operation & Safety Manual shipped with the pump and/or available for reference and printing in the eLibrary

Motors that need repair should be taken to an authorized repair shop for service. Pumps must be thoroughly flushed and drained before being taken in for service.

Maintenance

To keep the pump running at its best, periodically perform the following procedures:

- 1. Check strainer for dirt accumulation. To clean strainer, remove strainer cover (800F4360) and pull out screen (700F2665).
- 2. Remove rotor cover (700G7063) and inspect vanes (700F2716). Vanes should be replaced after extensive wear to prevent damage to pump.
- 3. Check hose (700F3135) and nozzle (6U075) for wear or damage. Bad hoses or nozzles are potential safety hazards.

For FR701 see meter's Owner's Operation & Safety Manual for additional recommended maintenance procedures.

Frequently Asked Questions

1. My pump only pumps for a few minutes and then stops. What is happening?

Generally "short cycling" indicates the motor is drawing too much current from the power source for some reason, and the thermal relay is opening to protect the insulation from the resulting heat build up. If this is what is happening, the thermal relay will reset after 10 to 20 minutes and the motor will again operate. The causes of high current are many. The pump is designed for low viscosity fluid, like diesel or gasoline, and will overheat if used to pump oil or other higher viscosity fluids. The inlet filter screen could be clogged. Bearings could be defective resulting in a drag on the armature shaft rotation.

See the Troubleshooting Guide in your Owner's Manual packed with your unit or the copy available in the eLibrary for things to check.

2. There is fluid leaking out of the small hole in the bottom of the pump body. How do I stop it?

This small hole is described as the 'weep hole' and is positioned to drain fluid that has leaked passed the dynamic seal between the pump and the motor. It is important that the leak be corrected as soon as possible to avoid damage to the front motor bearing. A new shaft seal will be needed to stop the leak.

See the Troubleshooting Guide in your Owner's Manual packed with your unit or the copy available in the eLibrary for things to check.

3. What can I do to avoid my pump losing prime when it sets for a time?

Maintaining "prime" or keeping fluid in the inlet piping of your pumping system requires that no air leak into that piping. You can depend on there being a check valve in your pump preventing air from entering your system through the nozzle, should it be opened while the pump is off. If your pump is consistently losing prime, check all joints and fittings paying particular attention to the suction tube to pump connection, and the various covers and plugs in the pump itself. Teflon® type sealing tape or a sealing compound noted as resistant to fuels is recommended at all threaded pipe connections.

4. When it gets hot outside my pump will not pump gasoline but my diesel pump works great, what is going on?

A suction pump works by developing a vacuum above the fluid being pumped and depends on atmospheric pressure to force the fluid into that vacuum. The higher the fluid is being raised, the more vacuum is required. If the fluid turns to a gas at a lower vacuum than that required to raise the fluid out of the container, the system is said to be vapor locked. In other words, rather than enough vacuum being developed by the pump to raise the fluid, the pump is instead vaporizing the gasoline and only gas vapor is being pumped. Diesel has a very low vapor pressure at even relatively high temperatures so there is no danger of vapor locking at practical temperatures. Gasoline is blended to have different vapor pressures to aid in winter starting (high vapor pressure) or avoid vapor locking in the summer (lower vapor pressure). The unit of measure used in the industry for this characteristic is Reid's Vapor Pressure. Having winter gas (high Reid's Vapor Pressure), still available in your tank in a hot spring, is a common cause of vapor locking pumps.

Once the situation exists, there are a limited number of options. Decrease the "lift" needed to raise the gasoline by filling the tank to the top is the easiest and quickest. This has the added benefit of mixing in a new blend of gasoline with a lower vapor pressure which will average the blended Reid's Vapor Pressure down. Another option is to decrease the temperature by shading and/or cooling the piping and pump in some fashion. In an emergency spraying water on the piping could drop the system temperature sufficiently to allow gasoline to be pumped. **Use extreme caution when spraying water around electrical connections and components to avoid the shock hazard.**

In new systems make sure the suction pump is installed at the lowest position possible as that decreases the lift, and always install the pump and piping out of the hot sun if at all possible. Know what the Reid's Vapor pressure is of the gasoline you buy. Your supplier has, or can get, that characteristic of the gasoline for you. The Reid's vapor pressure should be 9 to 8, or lower, in the summer and 11 to 12 in the winter.

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